पदों में केन्द्रीय सरकार का हिस्सा संवर्ग पदों की 40 प्रतिशत की दर से केन्द्रीय प्रतिनियुक्ति रिजर्व के तहत किया जाता है । इस रिजर्व का उपयोग सचिव, अपर सचिव, संयुक्त सचिव, निदेशक, उप सचिव तथा अवर सचिव के स्तर के सचिवालीय तथा अन्य पदों पर भारतीय प्रशासनिक सेवा, भारतीय पुलिस सेवा तथा भारतीय वन सेवा के अधिकारियों की नियुक्ति का, तथा गैर-सचिवालीय पदों पर, जहां अखिल भारतीय सेवाओं के अधिकारियों को नियुक्त करने का प्रस्ताव किया जाता है, चयन के लिये किया जाता है, गैर-सचिवालयी पदों में सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र के उपक्रमों तथा केन्द्रीय पुलिस संगठनों के पद भी शामिल हैं, सिवाय, उन पदों के जो सार्वजनिक उद्यम चयन बोर्ड द्वारा भरे जाते हैं ।

(ख) अखिल भारतीय सेवाओं में सीधी भर्ती के पद तथा पदोन्नति के पद शामिल होते हैं । सीधी भर्ती के पद संघ लोक सेवा आयोग द्वारा प्रत्येक राज्य द्वारा रखी गई मांग के आधार पर भारतीय प्रशासनिक सेवा तथा भारतीय पुलिस सेवा के लिये सिविल सेवा परीक्षा तथा भारतीय वन सेवा के लिये भारतीय वन सेवा परीक्षा द्वारा भरी जाती है । पदोन्नति, पद पदोन्नति कोटे में जब और जैसे रिक्ति होने पर राज्य सेवाओं के पात्र उम्मीदवारों में से पदोन्नति विनियम के अनुसार भरे जाते हैं । यह एक निरंतर चलने वाली प्रक्रिया है जिसमें पदोन्नति, स्थानांतरण, प्रशिक्षण, आकस्मिकताओं आदि के कारण होने वाली लघु अवधि की रिक्तियों की संभावना होती है ।

Review of the appointment procedure of the Members of CAT

3973. SHRI O. P. KOHLI: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that views have been expressed by higher judicial functionaries to review the appointment procedure of the members of the Central Administrative Tribunal;

(b) if so, the details thereof and the action taken by Government thereon;

(c) the number of cases pending in each of the bench of CAT as on 1-3-95;

(d) by when these cases will be disposed of and the reasons for the slow and tardy progress in the disposal rate of the cases; and

(e) the date of the longest pending case, tribunal branch-wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS (SHRIMATI MARGARET ALVA): (a) and (b) No such view of the higher judicial functionaries has come to the notice of the Government.

(c) A statement is placed on the Table of the House as per Statement-I (See below).

(d) Cases are decided by CAT in its julicial capacity. Hence it would not be possible to indicate a definite date by which these cases would be disposed of. The disposal rate has not been slow, as 26409 cases were disposed of during 1994 as compared to 17552 cases in 1991. The higher rate of pendency is due to the higher rate of institution of cases. During 1991 the number of cases field was 21623 while during 1994 it has gone upto 26230.

(e) A statement is placed on the Table of the House as per statemnt-II.

Statement—I

Details of cases pending in different Branches

Sl. No.	Name of the Bench	Number of Cases pending as on 1-3-1995
1,	Principal Bench	6269
2,	Ahmedabad Bench	1653
3,	Allahabad Bench	6839
4,	Bangalore Bench	1508
5,	Bombay Bench	2544
6,	Calcutta Bench	3679
7,	Chandigarh Bench	3559
8,	Cuttack Bench	1593
9,	Ernakulam Bench	865
10,	Guwahati Bench	556
11,	Hyderabad Bench	2204
12,	Jabalpur Bench	2024
13,	Jaipurr Bench	951
14,	Jodhpur Bench	603
15,	Lucknow Bench	2410
16,	Madras Bench	2090
17,	Patna Bench	1090
	TOTAL;	40445

Statement-II

Details of longest pending Case, Bench-wise as on 1-3-1995

Sl. No.	Name of the Bench	Year of Oldest case pending
1,	Principal Bench	1985
2,	Ahmedabad Bench	1987
3,	Allahabad Bench	1986
4,	Bangalore Bench	1993

Sl, No,	Name of the Bench	Yea of Orlpest Case pending
5,	Bombay Bench	1986
6,	Calcutta Bench	1986
7,	Chandigarh Bench	1986
8,	Cuttack Bench	1989
9,	Ernakulam Bench	1993
10,	Guwahati Bench	1986
11,	Hyderabad Bench	1987
12,	Jabalpur Bench	1986
13,	Jaipur Bench	1987
14,	Jodhpur Bench	1988
15,	Lucknow Bench	1986
16,	Madras Bench	1991
17,	Patna Bench	1987

Samaj Sadans in R. K. Puram, New Delhi

3974. SHRI O. P. KOHLI: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government had taken a decision some years ago to provide only one Samaj Sadan in R. K. Puram, Sector XII, New Delhi which shall have a Barat Ghar amongst other things and to upgrade the existing Samaj Sadan of Sector-1 R.K. Puram to contain a Barat Ghar and other essentialites;

(b) if so, the reasons for these Samaj Sadans not coming up even after lapsing of years; and

(c) the concrete steps taken to upgrade these Samaj Sadans without further delay?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS (SHRIMATI MARGARET ALVA): (a) to (c) The decision to construct a Samaj Sadan in R. K. Puram Sector XII and the proposal to upgrade the Samaj Sadan of Sector I, R. K. Puram were both under consideration of an Inter-Departmental Committee set up to review the construction of Samaj Sadans. Subsequently, while considering the report of the Committee it was decided not to construct any new Samaj Sadan in Delhi and use the sites earmarked for the facility of children and residents.

Complaints Received by Central Vigilance Commission

3975. SHRI RAJ NATH SINGH: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) what is the number of cases received by the Central Vigilance Commission during the last three years, till date, year-wise alongwith the number of cases disposed of during the period, year-wise;

(b) whether the Commission receives anonymous complaints; if so, the method devised to resolve such cases: